5.—Consumption of Manufactured Products, Significant	Years, 1929-47 and by				
Industrial Groups, 1947					

Year	Value of Products Manufactured	Manufactured and Partly Manufactured Goods <sup>1</sup>		Value of Manufactured Products
		Value of Net Imports	Value of Domestic Exports	Available for Consumption
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1929. 1933. 1939. 1940. 1941. 1942. 1943. 1944. 1944. 1945.	3, 883, 446, 116 1, 954, 075, 785 3, 474, 783, 528 4, 529, 173, 316 6, 076, 308, 124 7, 553, 794, 972 8, 732, 860, 999 9, 073, 692, 519 8, 250, 368, 866 8, 035, 692, 471	939, 130, 201 298, 068, 344 542, 364, 930 807, 636, 948 1, 123, 994, 913 1, 283, 884, 068 1, 305, 838, 746 1, 302, 413, 996 1, 117, 544, 874 1, 390, 123, 100	686, 876, 071 365, 232, 113 646, 853, 938 913, 049, 979 1, 292, 855, 603 2, 056, 368, 079 2, 444, 862, 298 2, 668, 575, 781 2, 352, 441, 796 1, 701, 677, 026	4,135,700,246 1,886,912,016 3,370,294,520 4,423,760,285 5,907,447,434 6,781,310,961 7,593,837,447 7,707,530,734 7,015,471,944 7,724,138,545
Industrial Group, 1947 Vegetable products. Animal products. Textiles and textile products. Wood and paper products. Iron and its products. Non-ferrous metal products. Non-metallic mineral products. Chemicals and allied products. Miscellaneous industries.	1,782,339,081 1,259,170,471 1,062,041,265 1,954,298,347 1,854,915,562 1,034,580,717 563,119,918 449,959,792 120,601,427	193,210,450 46,560,304 298,313,432 86,193,729 737,970,900 138,116,713 161,248,581 111,217,338 155,418,672	294, 134, 292 195, 049, 255 48, 216, 682 834, 679, 921 267, 132, 754 268, 573, 270 50, 051, 060 83, 803, 909 83, 099, 200	1,681,415,239 1,110,681,520 1,312,138,015 1,205,812,155 2,325,753,708 904,124,160 674,317,439 477,373,221 192,920,899
Totals, 1947	10,081,026,580	1,928,250,119	2,124,740,343	9,884,536,356

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Figures for the years 1929-38 are for the fiscal year ended Mar. 31 of the following years; for 1939-47 they are for the calendar year. Net imports are total imports less foreign products re-exported.

## Section 2.—Value and Volume of Manufactured Products

Value of Manufactured Products.—In the interpretation of manufacturing values over a number of years, variations in the level of prices must be borne in mind, especially when such variations have been as great as those in the period since the annual Census of Manufactures was begun in 1917. The index number of wholesale prices in Canada, on the 1926 base, compiled by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, stood at 114·3 in 1917, 155·9 in 1920, 97·3 in 1922, 95·6 in 1929, 67·1 in 1933, 84·6 in 1937, 75·4 in 1939 and 129·1 p.c. in 1947. Index numbers of the prices of fully or chiefly manufactured goods on the same base were: 113·5 in 1917, 156·5 in 1920, 100·4 in 1922, 93·0 in 1929, 70·2 in 1933, 80·5 in 1937, 75·3 in 1939 and 117·4 p.c. in 1947.

Volume of Manufacturing Production.—Since real income is ultimately measured in goods and services, the growth of the volume of manufacturing production, as distinguished from its value, becomes a matter of great significance. The important thing to know is whether consumers are getting more goods and services, not whether they are expending more dollars and cents.

The indexes of volume (Table 6) are based on quantities of manufactured products reported and the industry indexes are weighted according to the values added by manufacture. The indexes for the years 1923-31 are based on the values added in 1926. The weights and products used were changed in 1931, 1936 and then again in 1941. By thus changing the construction of the index every five years, current changes in production are reflected more accurately.